Trainee: Pier Paolo Roncoroni Romero Level: B1 Date: September 19th

Lesson Number: 3 Length: 40 minutes Anticipated start and finish time: 18:00pm - 18:40pm



Main Lesson Aim
(Language Focus /

Skills

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to use phrasal verbs in the context of family relationship.

Subsidiary Lesson Aim (Language Focus / Skills)

To improve Ss speaking skills (pair and group work) with the new vocabulary of phrasal verbs.

Materials: projector, board eraser, marker, handout, flash drive

Anticipated difficulties with lesson activities and classroom management:

- 1) Some Ss probably will arrive later;
- 2) Some Ss may get confused between the main verb meaning and the phrasal verb meaning;
- 3) Ss may be more strong than others on phrasal verbs and could intimidate them;

One more?

How I intend to deal with these difficulties:

- 1) I'll take care of it introducing them in the group in a way that the development of the phrasal verb topic will be made normally;
- 2) I will verify this during eliciting if it's confirmed I will mix the Strong ones with the others to get a balanced group during the activities;
- 3)I will be dividing in pairs during drilling to check with more accuracy the pronunciation as well as during the CCQ's;
- 4) I'll explain during the eliciting and concept check with pictures that can reinforce the meaning;

Board Plan:

Personal Aim: Express myself clearly and put in practice all was taught during the input sessions. (Too general! Name one or



Target Language Analysis

Form	Meaning	Phonology	Checking Meaning
		Word stress / sentence	(CCQs, timelines, etc)
		stress	
bring up: verb + adverb verb (past tense and past participle brought)	bring up - look after a child and educate them until they are old enough to look after themselves. To take care of a child until he or she becomes an adult: — phrasal verb with bring /brɪŋ/ verb (past tense and past participle brought)	Bring up:/briŋ//ʌp/	Teacher will ask the following CCQs: 1.Is it a way to explain when we are carrying someone in our arms? NO 2. Is it used to explain that you are taking care of a child's education until becomes an adult? YES
carry on: verb + preposition verb (past tense and past participle carried)	carry on: to continue doing something.	Carry on: / kærɪ/ /ɒn/	3. Is it used to say when a child doesn't like to study? No 1. Is it used to say when we are taking something or someone
<pre>get on (with): verb + preposition verb (past tense and past participle= got, gotten)</pre>	get on (with) - have a friendly relationship with someone.	Get on:/get//pn/	with us? No 2. Is it used to say about something you continue doing? YES 3.Is it used when we stopped to do something? No
grow up: verb + adverb		Grow up:/grəʊ//ʌp/	 Is it used when we have a bad relationship or hate someone? No Is it used when we have a friendly relationship? YES

verb (past tense and past participle: grew, grown)	grow up: gradually change from being a child to being an adult.		3.Does it mean that I have friends? No 1. Is it related to time constructions 2.Is it used to explain the changes from being a child to
look after(someone or something): verb + adverb verb (past tense and past participle: looked)	look after (sb or sth): take care off someone or something by doing what it is needed to keep them well or in good conditions.	Look after: / l ប k/ /α: f t ə /	an adult? YES 3.Is it used to express feelings? No
look up to (someone):verb + adverb + adverb verb (past tense and past participle: looked)	look up to (someone): to respect and admire someone	Look up to : / l ʊ k / / ʌ p/ / t ə /	1.Is it used to say when we don't have anyone to take care? No 2. Does it mean that you don't need to take care anyone? No 3.Does it mean that you are
take after (someone): verb + adverb verb (past tense and past participle: took, taken)	take after (someone) - to have a similar apearance or character as an older member of your family look or behave like another member of your family.	Take after: /teɪk/ /ɑ:ftə /	taking care to someone which needs all the best conditions to keep him well? Yes 1.Does it mean that you hate someone?No 2. Is it used when you admire and respect someone?Yes Does that mean that you don't look like an older member of
tell ()off: verb (past tense and past participle: told) Phrasal verbs:	tell off (someone)/ tell (someone) off - to speak angrily to someone because they have done something wrong.	Tell off:/tel//pf/	your family?No 1. Is it used when you go out very late to meet someone?No 2. Is it a phrasal verb used when you have a similar appearance with an older member of your family?

	Шо
Verbs that consists of a verb and a particle. The particle are small words which could	Yes
be a preposition or adverb. Generally, the meaning is different from the original meaning of the main verb;	1. Is it used when praise someone because he did something very well?No
Verbs: a type of word or phrase that shows an action or a state;	2. Is it used when someone speak angry to anyone because was made something wrong?Yes
Prepositions: A word that usually comes before a noun or a pronoun and shows its relation to another part of the sentence;	3. Is it used to motivate someone? No
Adverbs: a word used for describing a verb, an adjective, another adverb , or a whole sentence;	

Stage and Purpose	Procedure	Interacti	Time	Trainer's Comments
(Make sure you mention the name of the stage and possible reasons why you are doing it.	Separated into titled stages with inclusion of instructions, answers to tasks, etc. Make sure you include concept check questions and analysis of target language: possible problems Sts might have with meaning, pronunciation and form + solutions.	on		
Lead-in - to generate	T. Introduces the lesson.	T > Ss		Pier, there is no
interest about the topic of the lesson.	Hello everyone! My name is Pier. I'm going to start this class, asking about the vocabulary I taught two weeks ago. Does anyone remember? Was about some activities and there was one word which expresses a kind of be		0 - 2 Minutes	context set in the beginning! Remember the leadin is about ideas, so

2. Presenting target language - clarifying meaning, pronunciation and form. Show the meanings which can	interested in somethingis used when you are really interested on someone or something. Anyone?To keen onOk? The 'to Keen on' verb it is a kind of verb used connected with a preposition and this is what we calldoes anyone knows? Phrasal verbGood! Phrasal verbs, are verbs formed with a particle which is sometimes a prepositions and sometimes an adverb. They have a different meaning from the original main verb and they replace some sentences or words which have the same meaningLet's see They are very useful and English native speakers use it a lot. When I was a baby my mother took care of me, she did everything to keep me safe and in good conditions, as well as my sister which sheanyone knows? She Looks after her baby. And my mother what? looked after me remember that it is a verb ok?	T > Ss	2 Minutes	Ss can generate topic-related ideas that will lead the the context of the Insulants lesson. Besides, do not announce what you are going to do. If you are going to ask questions, just ask!
be replaced for phrasal verbs	T. starts ECDB sequence; Ellicit , Concept Check Questions, Drill and Boards the word with the form and stressed syllable.		2 Minutes	
	My parents took care of me until I became an adult, they took care of my education to develop my skills, they took care of my educational background, as well as my sister with her son. Shewhat phrasal verb we say when we take care of a child until became adult, giving the school until college or high school? Bring up , T. starts ECDB sequence; T. My sister and I lived together during childhood and she is older than me. Today I have a friendly relationship with my sister. We can say that IGet on	T > Ss T > Ss	2 Minutes	

	with my sister. I got on well with her when we lived together T. starts ECDB sequence;	T > Ss	2 Minutes LANGUAGE CONSULTANTS
	My son, now he is an adult . I remember when he was just a kid and then started to turn into an adult . We can say the hejust like when we plant a seed and starts to he Grow up. I grew up in sao Paulo.	T > Ss	2 Minutes
	T. starts ECDB sequence; Now I don't need to speak angrily to my son for something he done wrong. I don't need to Tell him off T. starts ECDB sequence;	T > Ss	2 Minutes
	That reminds my dad when he told me off when I was a kid. Now that I'm grow up I respect and admire him a lot. When we admire and respect someone welook up to someone. Now I look up to my dad. Look up to,	T > Ss	2 Minutes
	T. starts ECDB sequence; My mother always says that I am similar to my dad. I have the same character and appearance. When we have a similar appearance or character as an older member of our family . My son take after me. He also plays guitar. Take after,	T > Ss	2 Minutes
3. Practice: to develop the speaking	T. starts ECDB sequence; And I continue playing guitar since I was a teenager. I continue doing the same thing until now. When we continue doing something. We Carry on.		2 Minutes
during a dialogue	T. starts ECDB sequence;	T > Ss	

a bassit familis	T	T		
about family relationship.			3 Minutes	Review your instructions. The ANOUAGE CONSULTANTS
a. Controlled				commentary in them.
practice:	T. explains to SS the instructions for the task; "I will give you a handout where there is phrasal verbs on the left side and the meanings on the right side". Match the phrasal verbs from A with the definitions from B. Work in pairs or in groups of three. T. starts ICQ's sequence; Is it to complete GAPS?	S > S T>S	5 minutes	Besides, be careful not to ask ICQs that patronize Ss.
	Do you will going to work individually? (????) Do you need to find the right definition and match it with the phrasal verb. T corrects with the Ss and boards the right answers;	T > Ss		
b. Semi-controlled		Ss > Ss		
practice;	Task 2 T. shows on board, 8 sentences Ss will find out the right phrasal verb to fill in the gaps . T. I will divide you in two groups, the group number one will answer the sentences from 1 to 4 and the group number 2 the sentences from 5 to 8. T. When I say go you will stand up and discuss the answer in group and answer on the board T. starts the ICQs T "go!"	T > Ss S > S	5 minutes	Will you leave the questions on the
c. Freer practice;	Task 3 Ss remain on their feet T ask them to look in to the board where there are some questions they will use to start a conversation between them; T starts the instructions:	T > Ss S > S	5 minute	board? Remember here Ss should be able to choose the language they want to use in order to do the task. If they do not choose

4.Feedback - to check and give a	Look at the board, there are some questions you will choose to start a conversation using the phrasal verbs with the classmate next to you; T start ICQ's Is it to work in groups? Do you have to write the answer? Will you use these questions to start a conversation using phrasal verbs? You have five minutes	T > Ss	the phrasal verbs, it is ok, as long as correct.
delayed correction on	At the end of the freer practice T starts a feedback		
the speaking	about things that he listened from the SS and ends the		
practice during a	activities.		
dialogue .	All right everybodyjust pay attention to thisgood night everyone		

Overall Post-lesson Observation

Immediate Reaction	Tutor's response
What went well? What didn't? Questions for feedback?	

	LANGUAGE CONSULTANTS
Overall strengths of this lesson (planning and delivery):	Areas to work on:
	Lesson Plan
Trainer	s Overall Comments
	Assessment

Assessment				
	Above S	At standard	Below S	
Lesson Planning				
Lesson Delivery (teaching skills and language awareness)				

Overall Grade		IJ
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	LANGUA	
Trainer:	Date: / / consult	NTS

*The grades above are intended to give an indication of how this lesson might contribute to the evaluation of your teaching practice overall. In other words, several 'Below standard' lessons would mean that you would be unlikely to pass the course. For more information, the criteria for evaluation are listed in your CELTA 5 form in your file and are discussed in our tutorials. The areas to work on are key points which, if addressed in upcoming lessons, will help you consolidate or raise your overall grade. They should therefore be made your personal aims in your next lesson if appropriate.